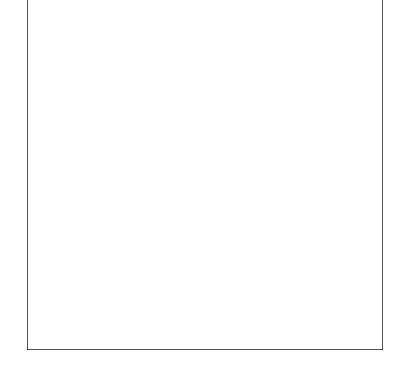
Mbegu Ndogo: Hadithi ya Wangari Maathai A Tiny Seed: The Story of Wangari Maathai



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- ✓ Kiswahili / English✓ Level 3

(imageless edition)



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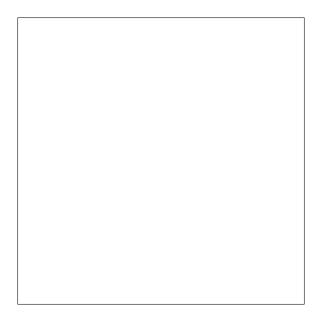
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Katika kijiji kimoja kwenye mteremko wa Mlima wa Kenya, katika Afrika Mashariki, msichana mdogo alifanya kazi za shambani pamoja na mama yake. Msichana huyu aliitwa Wangari.

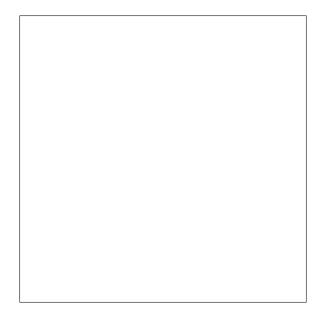
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In a village on the slopes of Mount Kenya in East Africa, a little girl worked in the fields with her mother. Her name was Wangari.

Wangari alipenda kufanya kazi za nje. Alitumia jembe kulima katika bustani ya familia yake. Kisha alipanda mbegu ndogo katika ardhi yenye virutubisho.

•••

Wangari loved being outside. In her family's food garden she broke up the soil with her machete. She pressed tiny seeds into the warm earth.



Alipenda majira ya jioni, wakati jua linapozama. Giza lilipozidi mpaka alishindwa kuona mimea tena, Wangari alifahamu wakati wa kwenda nyumbani uliwadia. Angefuata kijia chembamba kilichopita uwanjani huku akivuka mito akielekea nyumbani.

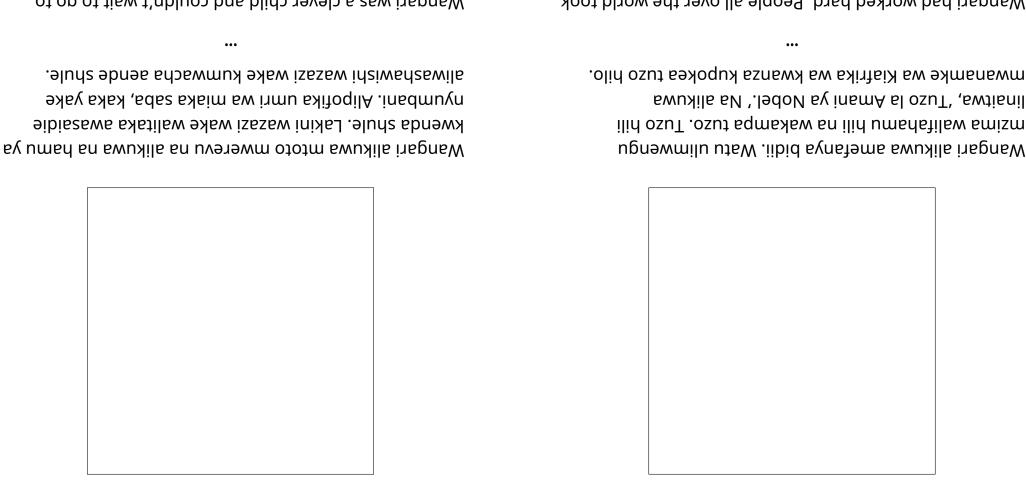
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Her favourite time of day was just after sunset. When it got too dark to see the plants, Wangari knew it was time to go home. She would follow the narrow paths through the fields, crossing rivers as she went.

Wangari alifariki mwaka 2011, lakini tunaweza kumkumbuka kila tunapoona mti maridadi.

•••

Wangari died in 2011, but we can think of her every time we see a beautiful tree.



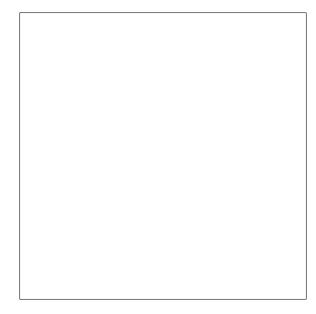
school.

Wangari was a clever child and couldn't wait to go to school. But her mother and father wanted her to stay and help them at home. When she was seven years old, her big brother persuaded her parents to let her go to

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Wangari had worked hard. People all over the world took notice, and gave her a famous prize. It is called the Nobel Peace Prize, and she was the first African woman ever to receive it.

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Alipenda kusoma! Wangari alijifunza zaidi na zaidi na kila kitabu alichokisoma. Alifanya vyema sana shuleni hadi akaalikwa kwenda Marekani kuendeleza masomo yake huko. Wangari alitiwa hamasa sana na nafasi hii! Alipenda kujua ulimwengu zaidi.

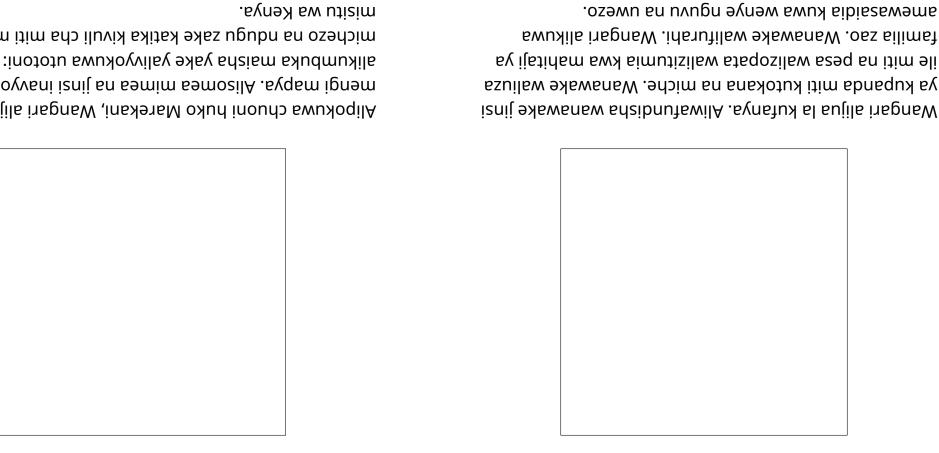
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She liked to learn! Wangari learnt more and more with every book she read. She did so well at school that she was invited to study in the United States of America. Wangari was excited! She wanted to know more about the world.

Muda ulipopita, miti mipya ilikuwa misitu, na mito ilianza tena kupitisha maji. Ujumbe wa Wangari ulienea Afrika nzima. Leo, mamilioni ya miti imemea kutokana na mbegu za Wangari.

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As time passed, the new trees grew into forests, and the rivers started flowing again. Wangari's message spread across Africa. Today, millions of trees have grown from Wangari's seeds.

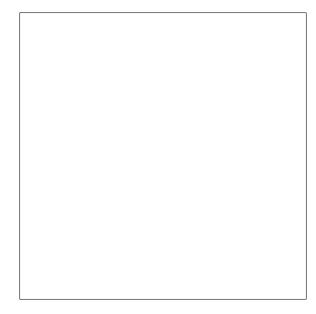


michezo na ndugu zake katika kivuli cha miti maridadi ya alikumbuka maisha yake yalivyokuwa utotoni: kucheza mengi mapya. Alisomea mimea na jinsi inavyokua. Na Alipokuwa chuoni huko Marekani, Wangari alijifunza

forests. brothers in the shade of the trees in the beautiful Kenyan remembered how she grew: playing games with her things. She studied plants and how they grow. And she At the American university Wangari learnt many new

amewasaidia kuwa wenye nguvu na uwezo. familia zao. Wanawake walifurahi. Wangari alikuwa

powerful and strong. were very happy. Wangari had helped them to feel used the money to look after their families. The women plant trees from seeds. The women sold the trees and Wangari knew what to do. She taught the women how to



Jinsi alivyojifunza ndivyo alivyofahamu kuwa aliwapenda watu wa Kenya. Alitaka wafurahi na wawe wenye uhuru. Jinsi alivyojifunza ndivyo alikumbuka kwao nyumbani Afrika.

•••

The more she learnt, the more she realised that she loved the people of Kenya. She wanted them to be happy and free. The more she learnt, the more she remembered her African home.

Alipokamilisha masomo yake, alirudi Kenya. Lakini nchi yake ilikuwa imebadilika. Kulikuwa na mashamba makubwa kila upande. Wanawake hawakupata kuni za kuwasha moto wa kupikia. Watu walikuwa maskini na watoto walikuwa na njaa.

•••

When she had finished her studies, she returned to Kenya. But her country had changed. Huge farms stretched across the land. Women had no wood to make cooking fires. The people were poor and the children were hungry.